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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/052,003	01/16/2002	Sooyoul Hong	155634-0130	9134	
1622	7590 08/09/2005	EXAMINER		INER	
IRELL & MANELLA LLP			RICKMAN, HOLLY C		
840 NEWPORT CENTER DRIVE SUITE 400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
NEWPORT B	NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92660				
4			DATE MAILED: 08/09/2005	DATE MAILED: 08/09/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/052,003	HONG ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Holly Rickman	1773			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 May 2005.					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a Ru layer, does not reasonably provide enablement for "a layer of spacer material." The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The specification fails to provide support for the broad recitation of a "spacer material" layer. Instead, the specification is limited to a layer of Ru.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Do et al. (US 6372330) in view of Takahashi (US 6124020).

Art Unit: 1773

Do et al. disclose a magnetic recording medium having a non-magnetic substrate, an underlayer, a first magnetic layer, a non-magnetic spacer layer, a second magnetic layer, and another spacer layer thereon. Additional antiferromagnetically coupled magnetic layers are deposited thereon and an overcoat is deposited on top of these layers (see Fig. 6). The reference teaches that the non-magnetic spacer layers can be formed from any one of Ru, Cr, Rh, Ir, and Cu (col. 3, lines 57-66). An example is described wherein both spacer layers are formed from Ru (col. 8, lines 18-36). The reference also teaches that the spacer layer 36' can be formed from the same material used for the non-magnetic spacer layers. An example using a Cr layer is given (col. 8, lines 28-36). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to choose Cr from the group of spacer layer (36') materials disclosed by Do et al. in view of the functional equivalence of the materials.

The limitation "a layer of chromium located adjacent to said top magnetic layer, a portion of said chromium being located between said grains of said top magnetic layer" has been interpreted to mean that there is a layer of chromium on either side of (but not necessarily in direct contact with) the top magnetic layer and the top magnetic layer contains Cr between the magnetic grains therein.

Do et al. teach the use of granular ferromagnetic layers formed from CoPtCrB alloys. The reference does not specifically disclose that the granular ferromagnetic layers contain Cr at the grain boundaries. However, it is the examiner's contention that this is an inherent feature of a "granular" CoPtCrB alloy. In any case, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to add Cr to the grain boundaries in the magnetic layers taught by Do et al.

Takahashi teaches a magnetic recording medium having a granular magnetic recording layer formed from a CoCr based alloy wherein Cr is present at the grain boundary regions in order to reduce medium noise and increase recording density (see col. 2, lines 25-43). The examiner maintains that Takahashi establishes that it is known in the art that a "granular" CoCrbased magnetic film contains Cr at the grain boundaries.

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In the event that Applicant disputes this fact, it is also noted that the reference clearly establishes a motivation to add Cr to the grain boundaries of a CoCr-based granular magnetic layer. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to add Cr to the grain boundaries of Takahashi in order to reduce medium noise and increase recording density as taught by Takahashi.

5. Claims 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Do et al. (US 6372330) in view of Takahashi (US 6124020) and further in view of Bian et al. (US 6572989).

Do et al. in view of Takahashi teach all of the limitations of the claims as detailed above, except for the specific elements of the magnetic recording apparatus for use with the disclosed recording medium.

Bian et al. teaches a conventional disk drive structure which includes a recording medium, a plurality of actuator arms, a spindle and spindle motor, magnetic head, and a voice control motor (col. 5, lines 24-62).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use a conventional recording head assembly such as the one taught by Bian et al. in combination with the recording medium taught by Do et al. in order to form a functional disk drive.

## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 5/12/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the disclosure provides support for the recitation "a layer of spacer material" as set forth in claims 1 and 6. In particular, Applicant references Figure 3 as showing a "spacer layer", 56, between two magnetic layers. However, figure number 56 is labeled as "Ru layer" in Figure 3 and "layer of ruthenium 56" in the specification on page 9, lines 11-15. Thus, the descriptor "spacer material" has no explicit or implicit support in the original disclosure. The term "spacer material" implies a function served by the layer. The specific function of the Ru layer of the present invention (as shown in Fig 3 and described on page 9, lines 11-15) is not described. One of ordinary skill in the art would not readily conclude that the "Ru layer" of Fig 3 is a "spacer material" without some disclosure to that effect.

With respect to the rejection of the claims as being unpatentable over Do in view of Bian,

Applicant argues that the PtCrB layer of Do is not a chromium layer as claimed. Applicant

argues that the chromium containing alloy taught by Do is not "a chromium layer."

The examiner respectfully disagrees with applicant's interpretation of the claims. The claims include comprising language and include "a layer of chromium." The claims do not require that the layer "consists of" chromium. Thus, the layer of chromium has been interpreted to be open to unrecited components including other elements.

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7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Holly Rickman whose telephone number is (571) 272-1514. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carol Chaney can be reached on (571) 272-1284. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Holly Rickman Primary Examiner Art Unit 1773

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